mixed, shelled, 35@37c; mixed, shelled, 35@36c OATS—No. 2 white, 35@33½c; extra No. 3 32@33½c; No. 3 white, 31@31½c; No. 2 mixed

Western, 52@53c.
BARLEY—No. 1 Canada, 90@55c: No. 2
Canada, 83@85c: No. 3 Canada, 75@80c: No. 2
Western, 75@78c; No. 3 Western, 65@70c; Lake
Shore, 75@80c.
FLOURE-Jobbing prices, winter patents, 36 50
@6 75; spring patents, 86 75@7 00; fancy straight,
winter and spring, 35 75@6 00; clear winter,
\$5 50@5 75; stright XXXX hakers', \$5 25@5 50.
Rye flour, 83 75.
CONNEAL—In paper, 60@75c.

Nye Bour, \$5 'A.

COHNMEAL—In paper, 80@76c.

MILLFEED—Middlings, fine white, \$20 50@

21 00 % ton; brown middlings, \$17 50@18 00;

winter wheat bran, \$15 50@16 00; chop feed

winter wheat bran, \$15.50@16.00; chop feed \$15.00@18.00.

HAY—Baled timothy, choice, \$15.50@16.00; No, 1 do, \$15.00@15.25; No, 2 do, \$12.00@13.00; loose from wagon, \$23.00@26.00; No, 1 upland prairie, \$10.00@10.50; No, 2, \$90.00@5.50; packing do, \$5.00@5.50.

STRAW-Oats, \$8 00@8 25; wheat and rye straw, \$7 00@7 25.

Provisions.

Dressed Ment.

Armour & Co. furnish the following prices on

ment-Other Cereals Steady-Pork

Active and Higher - Lard

and Ribs Firm.

Corn was in much the same condition as yes

was easier, and prices receded 71/2010c, and closed comparatively steady.

A fairly active trade was reported in lard, and the feeling was steadier. Prices averaged slightly higher, and the market closed rather

els.
On the Produce Exchange to-day the butter market was dull and unchanged. Eggs dull

Sr. Louis—Flour steady and firm. Wheat opened with an urgent demand, and prices advanced rapidly, and later there was a decline, but another rally set in and the market closed with May le and July 1/20 higher than yesterday. Corn firm, but very queet. Outs quiet, but not so firm; No.2 c sh. 25c bid; May, 25 1/20 C. Rye nothing done; No. 2, 47c. Barley, nothing done. Flaxseed steady at \$1.55. Provisions firmer.

Flaxseed steady at \$1 50. Provisions firmer.

CINCINNATI.—Flour quiet. Wheat dull and nominal; No. 2 red, 97c; receipts, 1.000 bushels; shipments, 500 bushels. Corn dull; No. 2 mixed, 55c. Oats steady; No. 2 mixed, 28@33/c. Rye dull; No. 2, 54@c. Pork quiet at \$12.25. Lard in fair demand at \$6.80. Bulkmears quiet and unchanged. Bacon quiet and unchanged. Butter quiet. Sugar easier. Cheese and eggs quiet.

and lower at 13@14c.

Large hams, 18 &s and upward, 10%c; medium nams, 14 to 18 &s. 11c; small hams, 14 &s and

RYE-No. 1 rye, 55@56c; No. 2, 50@52c; No. 1

Below Expectations.

APPLES AND POTATOES GO SLOW

Light Cereal Receipts Bring a Better Tone to Markets.

THE OUTLOOK FOR BETTER PRICES

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURG DISPATCH, The week now winding up started out with an old fashioned snow storm, and trade's people at once began to take heart. Dealers in country produce, particularly, entertained high hopes from the prospect of tight weather. The bright hopes have been blasted, by the mercury's rise, and the week ends with slush and mud on top and the business situstion much the same as it was last Saturday. The wretched condition of country roads prevents grain, hay and produce from coming to the market, and it is well that it does, fo the complaint all winter has been of too-

The abundance of all kinds of stuff, together with the open winter, has made the season so far anything but satisfactory to dealers, how far anything but satisfactory to dealers, however it may have been to consumers. Commission merchants have been working off their
apple stock for whatever it would bring, preferring to do this rather than repack. It is
probably a low estimate that 25 per cent of all
the apples stored have been lost by rot. Good
keeping stock brings no better prices than it
did in the fall. Dealers prophesy a scarcity of
apples toward spring and high prices. But in
the best issue the speculator in apples will be a
loser on investment for this season. One large
dealer reports that he would gladly close out at
a small loss.

Petatoes Slow.

Potatoes are slow at prices which ruled in the fall. Said a leading commission merchant to-day: "It would be a very hard thing to sell a carload of potatoes, without very libery con-cessions from market quotations. The market

cessions from market quotations. The market is without strength. Retail dealers seem to have the idea that they will be able to buy cheaper later on and therefore pursue the hand to mouth policy."

Southern shippers have begun to offer eggs at 13%c, which would bring their cost to 14%c delivered here. A Liberty street commission merchant said to-day that he declined to accept consignments from the South at these figures, and added that he would be glad to close out his nearby stock at 15c.

Shippers of produce harass the commission men with inquiries as to what is the matter. They grow tired waiting for returns, and while they are waiting, stuff does not improve. Coun-

they are waiting, stuff does not improve. Country roll butter that sold readily at 40 to 45 by the wholesale within the wholesale within a very few years, goes slowly this season at one-half that figure. The whole drift of country produce and dairy products has been downward since harvest time. Speculators' Plans Spoiled.

Weather and bigness of crops have spoiled many a nice plan of the speculator. A leading Diamond market dealer in fruit and vegetables Diamond market dealer in fruit and vegetables reports that the weather has been all right for his business if stuff had not been so bountiful. There are signs that cereal markets have touched bottom and that the tide has turned toward a better day. Receipts in this line have very greatly declined the past week, and the tone of trade showsslight improvement. Wheat has advanced abgrain centers, and holders of flour grow firmer. While the first month of the year has not made the best record for jobthe year has not made the best record for job-bers, there are healthy signs in most lines that bottom has been reached, and that future changes will be on the ascending scale. If February will but do its duty and furnish us

EVENTS ON 'CHANGE.

a few old-fashioned vigorous bilizzards tr will come out all right in spite of lost time.

The Local Business of the Week Dished Up on the Half Shell-A Symposium of Surprises-Local Securities Budly Rattled but Recover all the Lost Ground-A Truce Between Bulls and Bears.

The local business situation the past week was characterized by several events of more than ordinary importance and interest. One of these was the sale of Lafayette Hallof these was the sale of Lasayette Hall—
the cradle of the Republican party—and the
scene of many stirring incidents during the
The brenchele the it.

The brenchele the it. war and since. The knowledge that it was to be razed to give place to a modern business structure caused general regret. Another feature of the week was a boom in

etroleum, caused, partly at least, by the agree ment between the Standard and the Producers Association in regard to the disposition of the 4,000,000 or 5,000,000 barrels, the carrying of which was assumed by the Standard company at the beginning of the shutdown movement. A guarantee of 90 cents for this oil July 1 had a bullish effect upon the market, principally for the reason that it relieved operators from an element of uncertainty that had been hanging over them for almost a year. The assurance that this block will not be thrown upon the market under 90 is a strong bull

On Thursday the stock market was treated to a genuine surprise which amounted to almost a panic. The United States Supreme Court endered a decision which was interpreted on Change as inimical to the electric companies. This scared the holders of small quantities of the stock and they at once commenced to unload. Over 500 shares changed hands under these circumstances. All the offerings were taken by a few who knew the real meaning of the decision. There was no trace of the scare next day, when the victims of the delusion were anxious to buy back what they had thrown overboard. Chartiers gas was depressed the latter part of the week owing to the unfavorable nature of the report made by the President of the company at the annual meeting of the stockholders. But the prospect of putting the company on a better footing and strengthening it financially, encouraged the holders of the stock, and they refused to part with it at less than previous quotations. The other specialties were firm and without special fea-

There was nothing in the money market to demand more than brief notice. The supply was equal to the requirements. Depositing was in excess of checking, leaving a handsome surplus in the vaults of the banks. Rates ruled at 5@6 per cent for call loans and 6@7 on time paper. There was no unusual flow of money to or from the country. The oil boom augmented the bor-rowing demand and absorbed considerable

While there were no changes in the price lists of the various descriptions of iron and no ap-parent appreciation in the demand, the market had a strong undertone that created confidence on the part of holders and made them unwilling to press sales. They preferred to wait for the expected improvement, which, from exist-ing indications, cannot be much longer de-layed. This feeling received strength from the fact that consumers had about given up the notion that prices would suffer another eclipse and were becoming more urgent in their

THE WEEK AT THE BANKS.

What Clearing Bouse Figures Show-A Report by Manager Chaplin. The condition of the local money market Sat. rday was entirely satisfactory, a fair amount of counter business being transacted and considerable paper taken at the usual discount, 6 67. Call loans were firm at 586. The flurry in oil quickened the demand for cash, which was promptly met at the regular rates. Clearing House figures for the day and week, as com-pared with those of the previous week, show

the following changes:		
Exchanges	\$2, 295, 416	120
Hainnes	782, 054	
Exchanges for the week	FI2, 288, 354	2
Balances for the week	1,870,940	2
Exchanges, daily average	2,144,725	10
Exchanges last week	12, 378, 818	13
Balances	2, 191, 656	3
Exchanges, daily average		
The following official statement, po	repared	bn
Manager Chaplin, of the Clearing He	ouse sho	3
the condition of the 19 associated ban	ks of Pit	La

burg at the close of business December 31, 18 RESOURCES.

Bonds to secure circulation. \$1,255,500 00 \$1,055,000 00 \$ \$49,175,118 60 \$51,431,957 01

... 8 2, 256, 838 41 LIABILITIES. 1887. 6 1888.

Circulation
Notes and bills redis-25,000 00 \$49, 175, 118 60 \$51, 431, 967 01 WHEAT AND FLOUR GROW STRONGER DIFFERENCES.

.... 5 2, 258, 838 41

Money on call at New York yesterday was easy at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 426 per cent. Sterling exchange dull but steady at \$4 884 for 60-day bills and \$4 884 for demand.

The weekly statement of the New York banks shows the following changes: egal ter

A SLIGHT REACTION.

The Oil Boom Arrested but Not Entirely

The banks now hold \$20,014,800 in excess of the 25 per cent rule.

Broken-Causes and Consequences. It was stated in THE DISPATCH Saturday that oil would probably open at 88 or there-abouts, and then be sold off, as it was evident that the boom was too violent and sudden to be permanent. This view was correct. The market opened yesterday at 88, with a decidedly bullish feeling, but the boys did not know

edly bullish feeling, but the boys did not know what was in store for them. New York and Oil City sold almost from the start. This turned the tide, and local operators started in to realize, but when it was ascertained that no large lots were being dumped, prices steadled and a firmer tone set in. While the events of the day rather favored the bulls, the outcome was by no means a Waterloo for the bears. Toward the close the market became strong. The lowest price at which sales were made was \$7. At the close \$80% was bid.

With a full knowledge of the agreement between the Standard and the Producers, the reaction would seem to be almost inexplicable, but the fact is that the Producers' stuff is far less dangerous than it is generally thought to be. Were it a dominating factor in the market, the assurance that it will be held up to 30 would impart strength to the market. The trouble lies in the absence of outside sapport. Oil has been unsatisfactory so long, affording really no opportunity at all for profitmaking that the "lambs" have withdrawn from the field, leaving the professionals to fight it out among themselves. Whenever this outside support can be induced to take hold the market will recover its lost ground and prices be placed upon a paying basis. The opening was 88, highest \$8, lowest \$7, closed at \$80% bid. be placed upon a paying basis. The opening was 88, highest 88, lowest 87, closed at 86% bid.

	155/1.	Ask.	Tim	e.	Bid.	Ask.
Opened 10:15 A. M 10:30 A. M 10:45 A. M 11:00 A. M		87% 87% 87%	II:15 P. II:30 P. II:45 P. II:90 Closed .	M	87% 87% 87% 87%	87 % 87 % 87 %
Opened.	8801	highe	bat. 880		West,	87c; rrels.

Other Oil Markets.

OIL CITY, January 26.—Opened, 883/c; closes 87c; highest, 883/c; lowest, 863/c. BRADFORD, January 26.—Opened, 88c; highest, 88c; lowest, 86%c; closed, 87c. Titusville, January 26.—Opened, highest, 88c: lowest, 85%c: closed, 85%c.

REAL ESTATE DICKERS.

Ground Out Penn Avenue. Yesterday was a comparatively quiet day in real estate circles. Prospective buyers were few in number, and renters remained at home for the most part to obtain necessary rest after a week of hard work. This change was welcomed by the agents. Several big deals will be brought to a head this week.

Black & Baird, No. 95 Fourth avenue, sold

the property No. 832 Penn avenue, lot 24x110 feet, with a two-story brick dwelling, for \$30,000, or \$1,250 per foot front. This property lies be-tween two similar properties sold by the same firm to the same party some weeks since, thus giving the purchaser a block of 78 feet front. Ewing & Byers sold for Reuben Miller, Esq., to Mr. M. A. Ross lot 72x300 feet, running to Mr. M. A. Ross lot 72x300 feet, running through from Ridge to Vance avenues, Coraopolis borough, Pittsburg and Lake Erie Railroad, for 8600. They also placed a mortgage of \$3.400 on Beaver avenue property, Sixth ward, Allegheny, for three years at 6 per cent.

C. H. Love, No. 83 Fourth avenue, sold for B. McWadu an irregular shaped piece of ground, with small frame house, in the Tenth ward, Allegheny, to C. L. Reno for \$3.000 cash.

D. P. Thomas & Co., No. 486 Grant street, sold for the People's Savings Bank to J. W. Breen, Esq., a piece of land on Wylie avenue for \$2.000, and for Catherine Webrung to Mrs. Annie Graham a lot on Second avenue, Hazelwood, for a price approximating \$1,200.

Samuel W. Black & Co., 99 Fourth avenue, sold at auction six lots in the West End Place plan of lots, Thirty-fifth ward, two on Albany avenue, and four on Rhode Island avenue, for \$420 each.

Albany avenue, and four on Rhode Island avenue, for \$420 each.

John F. Baxter sold seven lots, Villa Place plan, Brushton station, Nos. 15 to 21 inclusive, with a frontage of 580 feet on Villa street by 370 feet in denth, to Charles Rose for \$1,200.

Samuel W. Black & Co., 99 Fourth avenue, yesterday closed the sale of five acres of land in the Thirteenth ward, city, for \$7,500. As the purchaser intends placing the same on the market again as soon as he can subdivide it into building lots, the location and further particulars are withheld. This is further evidence of the increasing demand for real estate in the Thirteenth ward, which is growing out of the advantages to be derived from the new proposed cable line which is to run out Wylie avenue.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS. Condition of the Market at the East Liberty Stock Yards.

Stock Yards.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURG DISPATCH.
SATURDAY, January 25, 1889.
CATTLE—Receipts, 1,100 head: shipments, 1,020 head: market nothing doing, all through consignments. Thirty-five cars of cattle shipped to New York to-day.

HOGS—Receipts, 2,390 head: shipments, 2,300 head: market slow; Philadelphias, \$4,80@5 00; mixed, \$4,80@5 00; pags and Yorkers, \$5,05@5 20; 10 cars of hogs shipped to New York to-day.

SHEEF—Receipts, 1,400 head: shipments, 1,400 head; market firm at yesterday's prices.

By Telegraph.

By Telegraph.

St. Louis—Cattle-Receipts, 300 head; shipments, 200 head; market steady; choice heavy native steers, \$3 70694 20; fair to good do, \$5 40 48 80; butchers' steers, medium to choice, \$2 7068 20; stockers and feeders, fair to good, \$1 5062 80; rangers, corn-fed, \$3 0063 50; grass-fed, \$2 0062 50. Hogs—Receipts, 1,200 head; shipments, 800 head; market steady; choice heavy and butchers' selections, \$5 706 4 80; packing, medium to prime, \$4 6064 80; Sheep—Receipts, none; shipments, 500 head; market strong; fair to choice, \$3 0064 80. market strong; fair to choice, \$3 00@4 80.

CHICAGO—Cattle—Receipts, 1,200 head: shipments, none; market steadier; choice beeves, \$4 40@4 75; steers, \$2 20@4 55; stockers and feeders, \$2 25@3 40; buils and mixed, \$1 45@3 00; Texas cattle, \$2 00@3 50. Hogs—Receipts, 11,000 head; shipments, 4,500 head; market stronger; mixed, \$4 60@4 80; heavy, \$4 65@4 8754; pigs, \$3 30@5 00. Sheep—Receipts, 1,500 head; shipments, none; market steady; natives, \$3 55@5 00; Western, corn fed, \$4 0@4 75; Texans, \$3 00@4 40; lambs, \$5 00@6 50. CINCINNATI—Hogs steady; common and light; \$4@4 95; packing and butchers', \$4 65@4 85; receipts, 1,960 head; shipments, 2,100 head.

NEW YORK, January 26.—The exports of specie from the port of New York last week ##0,175,118 60 \$61,431,957 01

DIFFERENCES.

Increase.

Decrease.

Bonds to secure circulation....\$ 1,186,312 40 \$200,500 00

Loans and discounts....\$ 1,186,312 40 \$200,500 00

DOMESTIC MARKETS. Week's Trade in Produce Lines Not Very Satisfactory.

DEMAND FOR POULTRY IMPROVED.

A Decline in Grain and Hay Receipts Help the Tone of Trade.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURG DISPATCH, SATURDAY, January 26, 1889.

Country Produce, Jobbing Prices. The week's trade in country produce lines winds up as it began, with markets very quiet, The commission merchant who talks cheer-fully of the situation has been hard to find. The demand for good poultry has improved and prices have advanced. With this exception everything from the country goes slow. Dairy products give no sign of improvement. At the beginning of the week the promise of old-fashioned winter weather checked the downward drift and a better feeling was developed among dealers. But as the weather returned to its uniform habits for this season, the good feeling has departed and the situation is much as it was a week ago. It will require an extraordinary amount of wild winter quire an extraordinary amount of wild winter weather through February and March for produce commission merchants to make up for time and trade lost by reason of mild weather. Beans—Navy from store, prime hand picked, \$2 00@2 10 per bushel; medium, \$2 00: Onio and Pennsylvania do, prime and medium, \$2 00@2 10; imported do, \$1 90@2 00: Lima, 5½c per 2; marrowfat, \$2 75@2 80 per bushel.

BUTTER—Creamery, Elgin, 25@30c: Ohio do, 23@26c: fresh dairy packed, 20@23c: country rolis, 18@22c; Chartiers Creamery Co. butter, 26 @22c.

@29c. BEESWAX-23@25c per B for choice; low BEESWAX-23@25c per B for choice; low grade, 16@18c.
CIDER-Sand refined, \$6 50@7 50, common, \$3 50@4 00; crab cider, \$8 00@8 50 \$\mathbb{P}\$ barrel; cider vinegar, 10@12c \$\mathbb{P}\$ gallon.
CHEESE-Ohio cheese, fall make, 12@12\forall; cider vinegar, 10@12c \$\mathbb{P}\$ gallon.
CHEESE-Ohio cheese, fall make, 12@12\forall; cider vinegar, 10@12c \$\mathbb{P}\$ gallon.
CHEESE-Ohio cheese, fall make, 12@12\forall; cider vinegar, 13\forall 3\forall; cider vinegar, 13\forall 3\forall cider \text{.}

New York, fall make, 12\forall 2\forall 2\forall cider \text{.}

Neme York, fall make, 12\forall 2\forall cider \text{.}

But the definition of the cider \text{.}

But the cider \te

POTATOES—Potatoes, 35@40c \$\times\$ bushel; \$2 50 @2 75 for Southern sweets; \$3 25@3 50 for Jer-Sey sweets. —Live chickens, 55@70c P pair; POULTRY—Live chickens, 55@70c P pair; dressed chickens, 13@15c P pound; terkeys, 13 @15c dressed P pound; ducks, live, 80@55c P pair; dressed, 13@14c P pound; geese, 10@ pair; dressed, 18@14c P pound; geese, 10@
11c P pound.
SEEDS—Clover, choice, 62 Bs to bushel, \$6 per
bushel; clover, large English, 62 Bs, \$6 25;
clover, Alsike, \$8 50; clover, white, \$9 00; timothy, choice, 45 Bs, \$1 85; blue grass, extra clean,
14 Bs, \$1 00; blue grass, fancy, 14 Bs, \$1 20;
orchard grass, 14 Bs, \$2 00; red top, 14 Bs, \$1 00;
millet, 50 Bs, \$1 25; German millet, 50 Bs, \$2 00;
Hungarian grass, 48 Bs, \$2 00; lawn grass, mixture of fine grasses, 25c per B.

ture of fine grasses, 25c per B.
SHELLBARKS-\$1 50@1 75.
Tallow-Country, 45@5c; city rendered,

Tallow—Country, 42/65c; city rendered, 56/55/c.

Tropical Fruits—Lemons, \$3 50/4 50 \$9 box; Massina oranges, \$2 50/63 50 \$9 box; Florida oranges, \$2 75/63 00 \$9 box; Jamaica oranges, noy, \$4 50/65 00 \$9 box; Jamaica oranges, 55 50/67 00 \$9 keg; bananas, \$2 50 firsts, \$1 50/62 00; good seconds \$9 bunch; cocoanus, \$4 00 \$9 bunchedates, \$4/60/6c \$9 pound.

Vegetables—Celery, 40/650c doz bunches; cabbages, \$3 00/65 00 \$9 100; onions, 50c \$9 bushel; Spanish onions, 75/690c \$9 crate; turnips, \$0 6/40c \$9 bushel.

GREEN COFFEE - Fancy Rio, 201/2211/c; choice Rio, 19620c; prime Rio, 19c; fair Rio, 186184c; old Government Java, 254c; Maracaibo, 2146224c; Mocha, 30631c; Santos, 1846 22c; Caracas coffee, 194621c; peaberry, Rio, 20 @211/c; Laguayra, 2014@211/c. Roasted(in papers)—Standard brands, 221/c; high grades, 241/c@261/c; old Government Java,

N. O. Molasses—Fancy, 616, 386; choice, 45c; mixed, 40g42c; new crop, 43g-59c.

Soda—Bi-carb in kegs, 3½494c; bi-carb in ½8, 5½c; bi-carb, assorted packages, 5½696c; salsoda in kegs, 1½c; do granulated, 2c.

CANDLES—Star, full weight, 9½c; stearine, per set, 8½c; paraffine, 11½612c.

HICE—Head, Carolina, 7677½c; choice, 6½67c; prime, 5½67c; Lonisiana, 6696½c.

Starch—Pearl, 5½c; cornstarch, 5½67c; gloss starch, 5½67c.

STARCH—Pearl, 25c; cornstarch, 55c; Icondon layers, \$2 10; California London layers, \$2 10; California London layers, \$2 50; Muscatels, \$2 25; California Muscatels, \$2 35; Valencia, new, \$26; California Muscatels, \$2 35; Valencia, new, \$26; California Muscatels, \$2 35; Valencia, new, \$26; Corrants, new, 45c; \$26; California Muscatels, \$2 35; Valencia, new, \$26; Currants, new, 45c; \$26; California, new, 45c; \$26; California, prunes, 192; \$26; California, 192;

cherries, unpitted, 5@6c; raspberries, evaporated, 24@24\c; blackberries, 7\\(^2\)@8c; huckleberries, 10\(^2\)#12\c; confectioners\(^3\). A. 7c; standard\(^3\). A\(^3\) A. 7c; soft whites, 6\(^3\)@8\(^3\) 1\(^3\) yellow, choice, 6\(^3\)@6\(^3\)&c; yellow, good, 6\(^3\)@6\(^3\) 1\(^3\) yellow, fair, 6\(^3\)c; yellow, good, 6\(^3\)@6\(^3\) 1\(^3\) yellow, fair, 6\(^3\)c; yellow, good, 6\(^3\)@6\(^3\) 2\(^3\).

PICKLES—Medium\(^3\) bol, \$2\(^3\).

SALT—No. 1\(^3\) bbl, \$5c; No. 1\(^3\) bbl, \$1\(^3\)0; dairy, \$\(^3\) bbl, \$1\(^3\)0; coarse crystal, \$\(^3\) bbl, \$1\(^3\)0; fairy, \$\(^3\) bbl, \$1\(^3\)0; coarse crystal, \$\(^3\) bbl, \$1\(^3\)0; fairy, \$\(^3\) bbl, \$1\(^3\)0; coarse crystal, \$\(^3\) bbl, \$1\(^3\)0; dairy, \$\(^3\) bbl, \$1\(^3\)0; coarse crystal, \$\(^3\) bbl, \$1\(^3\)0; dirgin's Eureka, \$1\(^3\) 1\(^3\)0; bellow, \$1\(^3\)0@1\(^3\)0; Higgin's Eureka, \$1\(^3\)0. ANNED GOODS—Standard Peaches, \$1\(^3\)@1\(^3\)0; pie peaches, \$1\(^3\)0; finest corn, \$1\(^3\)0@1\(^3\)0; Himabeans, \$1\(^3\)0; soaked do, \$5c; string do do, \$7\(^3\)@5c; marrowfat peas, \$1\(^3\)@1\(^3\)0; soaked peas, \$1\(^3\)0; imabeans, \$1\(^3\)0; espen gages, \$2\(^3\)0; do egg plums, \$2\(^3\)0; do green gages, \$2\(^3\)0; do egg plums, \$2\(^3\)0; do yeer gages, \$2\(^3\)0; do egg plums, \$2\(^3\)0; do yeer gages, \$2\(^3\)0; do egg plums, \$2\(^3\)0; coarse perries, \$1\(^3\)0; gooseberries, \$1\(^3\)0; gooseberri gages, \$2 00; do egg piums, \$2 00; extra white cherries, \$2 98; red cherries, \$2 81; 90e; raspberries, \$1 15@1 40; strawberries, \$1 10; gooseberries, \$1 20@1 50; tomatoes, \$2@35c; salmon, 1 8, \$1 75@2 10; blackberries, \$0c; succotash, 2-% cans, soaked, 90c; do green, 2%s, \$1 25@1 50; corn beef, 2-% cans, \$1 35; 14-% cans, \$13 50; baked beans, \$1 40@1 45; lobster, 1 %, \$1 75@1 80; mackerel, 1-% cans, brothed, \$1 50; sardines, domestic, 4/s, \$1 25@4 50; sardines, domestic, 4/s, \$1 25@4 50; sardines, domestic, 4/s, \$1 25@4 50; sardines, imported, 4/s, \$11 50@1 12 50; sardines, imported, 3/s, \$18 00; sardines, mustard, \$4 00; sardines, mistard, \$4 00; sardines, spiced, \$4 25.

FISH—Extra No. 1 bloater mackerel, \$36 @ bbi; extra No. 1 do, messed, \$40; extra No. 1 mackerel, shore, \$22; extra No. 1 do, messed, \$40; extra No. 1 mackerel, shore, \$22; extra No. 1 do, messed, \$40; extra No. 1 bloater mackerel, \$50; do large, 7c; boneless hake, in strips, 6c; do George's c in blocks, 5/4@75/c. Herring—Round shore, \$5 50 @ bbi; split, \$7; lake, \$1 25 @ 100-8 half bbi. White fish, \$7 @ 100-8 half bbi. Buckwheat Floure—24/202/c per pound. Oatmeal—\$5 30@6 60 @ bbi.

Miners' OIL—No 1 winter strained, 59@62c @ gallon, Lard oil, 75c.

Grain, Flour and Feed. Total receipts as bulletined at the Grain Exchange were 44 cars. By Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne and Chicago, 3 cars of hay, 1 of rye, 1 of feed, 3 of oats, 1 of wheat, 2 of middlings, 3 of flour, 1 of corn, 3 of barley. By Pittsburg, Cinl of corn, 3 of barley. By Pittsburg, Cincinnati and St. Louis, 11 cars of hay, 6 of corn, 2 of bran, 1 of middlings. By Baltimore and Ohio, 5 cars of hay, 1 of oats. Sales on call, 2 cars 2 y, s. corn, new, 38c track: 1 car packing hay, 85, P. & L. E.:1 car 2 y, e. corn, 38c, 10 days, B. & O. Total receipts for the week were 174 cars, against 272 cars last week. With a decline of 78 cars from returns a week ago, more active markets are almost assured at an early day. In fact, the tone has already improved, but prices have not advanced. Wheat has taken the turn for an upward movement. The bears have been having their innings for some weeks past, and now the bulls are to have theirs for a season. For No. 2 red wheat \$1 05 was offered and refused at the Exchange today.

day.

WHEAT—Jobbing prices—No. 2 red, \$1 04@
1 05; No. 3 red, 90@95c.

CORN—No.2 vellow, ear, 3934@40c; high mixed, ear, 3834@39c; No.1 yellow, shelled, 38@39c; high

When baby was sick, we gave her Castoria When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria, When she had Children, she gave them Castori

DALZELL'S GIFT.

The Private's Claim Upset by War and Treasury Officials-Explanations That Will be Read With Interest by Veterans.

Private Dalzell's "Christmas gift" to the boys in blue seems to have caused consternation in the War Department. THE DIS-PATCH has on several occasions since the publication of the Private's "Gift," endeavored to ascertain whether the old soldiers were entitled to the back pay he claimed could be had for the asking. An interview with the Second Auditor, printed soon after the publication of the Private's letter, should have settled the matter, as that official clearly stated that Mr. Dalzell was leading the veterans astray, and that there was no ground whatever for the claims he made in behalf of his old comrades. The appended official communications and circular letters from officials of the War and Treasury Departments should effectually

Settle the controversy:

Was Department,

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,

Washington, D. C., January 26.

hams, 14 to 18 hs. 11c; small hams, 14 hs and under, 11½c; pienie or California hams, 8½c; boneless (in skins), 11¾c; sugar-cured shoulders, 8½c; bacon, 8c; dry salt, 9c; breakfast bacon, 10c; rouletts (boneless s. c. shoulders), 10½c; regular smoked sides, 9c; bellies, smoked sides, 9c; tellies, smoked sides, 9c; tellies, smoked sides, 9c; dried beef, sets, 5bellies, dry salt sides, 8½c; dried beef, sets, 10c; dried beef, fants, 8c; dried beef, rounds, 11c; dried beef, fants, 8c; dried beef, rounds, 11c; dried beef, knuckles, 11c; pork, ness, 516 50; pork, family, 517 00; npg pork, half barrels, 29 00; long sausage, 5½c. Lard-Tierces, 325 hs., 7½c \$\mathbf{R}\$ is talf barrels, 120 hs. 7½c \$\mathbf{R}\$ it tubs, wooden, 60 hs. 7½c \$\mathbf{R}\$ it buckets, wooden, 20 hs. 8½c \$\mathbf{R}\$ is \$\mathbf{R}\$; \$\mathbf{R}\$ it buckets, wooden, 20 hs. 8½c \$\mathbf{R}\$ is \$\mathbf{R}\$; \$\mathbf{R}\$ ht in pails, 60 hs. 8c \$\mathbf{R}\$ is \$\mathbf{R}\$; \$\mathbf{R}\$ ht in pails, 60 hs. 8c \$\mathbf{R}\$ is \$\mathbf{R}\$; \$\mathbf{R}\$ ht in pails, 60 hs. 8c \$\mathbf{R}\$ it pails, 80 hs. 8c; \$\ma To the Editor of The Dispatch: DEAR SIR-I inclose a circular letter from DEAR SIR—I inclose a circular letter from the Treasury Department contradicting the statements made in The Dispatch in a letter signed "Private Daizell;" I also inclose a letter from him showing that he informs his comrades that they should order his book "for fuller information;" price \$1. As he is a claim agent it is evident that his letter was intended by him solely for what additional business it might bring him.

Very respectfully your obedient servant,

JAMES GILLISS,

Major and Quartermaster, U. S. Army.

Circular Letter.

dressed meats: Beef carcasses, 450 to 550 hs. 5@ 5½c: 600 to 650 hs. 6@6½c: 700 to 750 hs. 7@7½c. Sheep, 7c # h. Lambs, 8c # h. EXTRA-DUTY PAY, MILEAGE, ETC. TREASURY DEPARTMENT, SECOND AUDITOR'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C., January 19, 1889. MARKETS BY WIRE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 19, 1889.

SIR—In a recently published letter of Mr. J.
M. Dalzeil, a claim agent, of Caldwell, O., and
in his subsequent utterances through the press,
he asserts that he has discovered some new
laws in relation to the allowance of mileage
(5 cents a mile) to soldiers while on furlough,
etc., and, also, ration pay to the same in similar cases, or where soldlers were prisoners of
war, and, lastly, extra-duty pay between October, 1862, and April, 1863. These statements
are so inaccurate, and have misled so many
soldiers and claimants that it will be to their
advantage to read the following explanations
and save themselves and this department unnecessary trouble and expense in conducting
useless correspondence.

First—There is no law providing for the pay-Whent Buoyed Up by a Big Buying Move-CHICAGO, January 26.—A large speculative usiness was transacted in wheat to-day, and the feeling developed was stronger and prices higher. Active buying to cover shorts and

good buying of long wheat were also reported. The undertone of the market was much strongnecessary trouble and expense in conducting useless correspondence.

First—There is no taw providing for the payment of "miffage" at 5 cents a mile, or otherwise, to any soldiers while on furlough, or while in the service; neither has such pay ever been allowed or paid by the accounting officers in any case. The act applicable to the payment of transportation, pay and subsistence of volunteer soldiers of the late war, when they were discharged and sent home, was passed July 22, 1881 (over 27 years ago), and it has been in operation ever since its passage, and it is still in force. But it must be apparent to everyone that nearly all soldiers who were entitled to such pay have already received it, or an equivalent er and operators manifested more confidence, but at the same time there was a feeling of uncertainty, and they looked upon the advance with distrust. The opening was slightly easier and prices declined %c, but later advanced, with some fluctuations, 15%c. This advance brought out fair speculative offerings, and possibly an attempt to break the market, under which prices declined 1/201c, again rallied to outside figures and closed 1/1c higher than yesterday. Foreign markets were quoted quiet that nearly all soldiers who were entitled to such pay have already received it, or an equivalent for it. A very large majority of the soldiers were actually furnished transportation by the Government when they were sent home to be mustered out (in such cases the soldier has no claim whatever for any further allowance on this account), and so now it is only in exceptional cases that a soldier may have a reasonable claim for transportation pay to his place of enlistment when discharged and sent home, and even then he must furnish affirmatively satisfactory evidence that he applied to the Government for his transportation but was refused or could not obtain it or avail himself of it, and he must fully set forth the facts showing why he was obliged to pay his own fare home. and steady. The report that 100,000 bushels wheat had been taken at St. Louis for April delivery to go to Galveston, and 35,000 bushels by local millers had some effect in advancing terday. There was very little interest manifested, and the volume of business was quite limited. The feeling displayed on the whole imited. The feeling displayed on the whole was rather easier, though prices did not vary much from yesterday.

Outs were quiet but steadier, with little disposition to trade.

Trading was quite active in mess pork. The market opened somewhat irregular, within 5@ lic of yesterday's closing, and a further advance of 15@20 was gained. Later the feeling was easier, and prices receded 74@10c. and

Extra-Duty Pay Forbidden. Second—In regard to extra-duty pay granted to enlisted men who were detailed to perform special and extra work as blacksmiths, carpen-ters, skilled mechanics, teamsters, etc., nearly all those men so enlisted were either paid such

To the Editor of The Dispatch:

Sir: I inclose for your information a circular from the Second Auditor of the Treasury Department, and one from this office, dated the 22d instant, on the subject of claims of soldiers for mileage, commutation of rations and extra duty pay, from which it will be seen that the recent statements published in your paper that there was a large amount due to soldiers, are incorrect and misleading.

Very respectfully your obedient servant,

JAMES GILLISS,

Major and Quartermaster U. S. Army.

Major and Quartermaster U. S. Army.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., January 22, 1889.

In reply to your inquiry on the subject, you are respectfully informed that to entitle soldiers to extra pay during the late war they were required to be regularly detailed on extra duty by competent authority, and employed at constant labor as mechanics, teamsters and laborers for not less than ten days prior to March 3, 1863.

Soldiers who were enlisted and mustered as wagoners, and those detailed to drive the company or regimental teams, or perform the duty of orderlies, were not allowed extra compensation.

tion.

Extra duty pay was not allowed to any of those above specified after March 3, 1863, it being prohibited by act of Congress, and as a rule those who were entitled to it before that date have been paid.
If, however, there is any further legal allow-

ance due you for extra duty services rendered prior to March 3, 1865, a claim prepared and submitted in accordance with the inclosed in-structions will be duly considered. structions will be duly considered.

Claims for travel pay, or mileage, from place of discharge to the home of the soldier, are adjusted by the Second Auditor of the Treasury, and those for commutation of rations while a prieoner of war, or on furlough, by the Commissary General of Subsistence United States army, and do not come under the jurisdiction of this office.

Very respectfully your obedient servant,
S. B. HOLABIED,
Quartermaster General U. S. Army.

Circular Letter.

ALLOWANCES TO SOLDIERS.

ALLOWANCES TO SOLDIERS.

market was dull and unchanged. Eggs dull and lower at 13@14c.

New York—Flour more active, chiefly for export. Cornmeal steady. Wheat—Spot nominally higher: futures none. Barley dull. Barley malt quiet. Corn—Spot lower and steady: options dull. Oats—Spot stronger and quiet; options dull. Oats—Spot stronger and quiet; options dull. Gats—Spot stronger and quiet; options dull and steady. Hops quiet and firm. Coffee—Options opened steady; unchanged to points up and closed 10 points above yesterday; dull; sales, 12.50 bags, including. February, 15.50e; March, 15.40e; 5.45e; April, 15.40e; May, 15.40e; 15.46e; Jancil, 15.40e; May, 15.40e; 15.46e; Jancil, 15.40e; May, 15.40e; September, 15.50e; October, 15.50e; December, 15.50e; Spot Rio quiet; Tair cargoes, 175/c. Sugar—Raw quiet; refined steady and in fair demand. Molasses—Foreign barely steady; open kettle, prime to choice, 30@45c. Rye rice quiet and firm; domestic, 42.66%c; Japan, 45.66%c. Cottonseed oil weak; crude, 42c; yellow, 49c. Tallow weak; country, 55/c. Eggs steady and quiet; Western, 10.615%c; receipts, 5.032 packages. Wool steady and quiet; domestic fleece, 30.638c; pulled, 20.639c; Texas, 14.25c. Pork dull; old mess, \$13.00e; 12.50e; pickled hams, 10.60%c; middles weak; short clear, \$6.70. Lard quiet: Western steam, \$7.30c. city, \$6.80c. Jannary, \$7.25. nominal; February, \$7.24; closing, \$7.24 asked; March, \$7.25. asked; April, \$7.26 asked; May, \$7.26c. yellow, 45.25. August, \$7.30c. September, \$7.20c. Sut, \$6.80c. pickled shoulders was short clear, \$6.70. Lard quiet: Western steam, \$7.30c. city, \$6.80c. jannary, \$7.25. nominal; February, \$7.24; closing, \$7.24 asked; March, \$7.25. asked; April, \$7.26 asked; May, \$7.26c. yellow, 45.25c. August, \$7.26c. pickled shoulders was short clear, \$6.70c. Lard quiet: Western dairy, \$7.26c. pickled for pickled pickled pickled pickled pickled TREASURY DEPARTMENT, THIRD AUDITOR'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C., January 22, 1889. WASHINGTON, D. C., January 22, 1888.

Articles have been widely published, purporting that their author has made recent discovery of vast masses of allowances remaining due to soldiers of the late war, payment whereof was not made, for the reason that it was not known, until this discovery, that soldiers were entitled by law to such allowances; and the amount due is stated as \$14,000,000.

These incorrect statements are inducing soldiers or their heirs to incur expense in preparing claims for allowances which either never became due, or were paid in full at the time.

The several kinds of allowances to which soldiers were by law entitled in particular cases were as fully known and recognized during the war as was the regular "monthly pay," and ments thereof, when due, were as regularly made by the disbursing officers as were paypayments of the laiter. The instances in which soldiers who became entitled to any such allowances did not receive payment at the time were the rare exceptions, and caused by some special circumstances in the particular cases.

Soldiers on furlough were not entitled to mileage. Leave of absence from duty does not require a soldier to travel; if he does so it is of his own choice, and he is not entitled to mileage.

Soldiers were allowed 25 cents per day for

quiet.

MILWAUKEE—Flour steady. Wheat steady:
casb. 89%; May, 93c. Corn unchanged; No.
3, 31c. Oats steady; No. 2 white, 28c. Rye
lower; No. 1, 47%c. Bariey lower; No. 2,
62%c. Provisions quiet. Pork. \$11 45. Lard,
\$6 50. Cheese dull; cheddars, 10@10%c.

BALTIMORE — Provisions dull and unchanged. Butter—fine grades stiff and general
market quiet; western packed, 16@21c; creamery, 20@21c. Eggs quiet and easier at 14&15c. Toledo—Cloverseed dull and steady; cash, \$5 30; March, \$5 30.

Drygoods.

New York, Januar 28.—Indications are for a steady increase in the volume of business, though present operations are of a cautious character. Interest for the moment centers in prints, which await developments at the hands of jobbers, but which at first hands continued to exhibit an upward tendency as regards lines not advanced. Peabody, Lombard, Slater, and other solid prints were advanced 2½ per cent or placed "at value."

Metal Markets.

New York—Pig iron quiet; American, \$16 00 @19 00. Copper dull and irregular, with increasing weakness; lake, January, \$16 75.

Lead quiet and easy; domestic, \$3 77½. The more active and prices steady; straits, \$21 60.

Smallpox Epidemic in a Kansas Town.

Kansas City, January 27.—A special from Oberlin, Kan, says that there are 21 cases of smallpox there. Rigorous measures are being enforced for the suppression of the disease. Toledo-Cloverseed dull and steady; cash, \$5 30; March, \$5 35.

IN THE NEW ZEALAND WILDS. Interesting Information About the

Flowers and the Birds.

Cornhill Magazine.] We had reached a rapid stream which flowed between moss-covered banks. I shall not easily forget the impression produced by the sight of this stream in the middle of the most exquisite vegetation. Overhead beautiful ferns spread their fronds, almost excluding the light; under foot exquisite moss studded with rare ferns, the native maidenhair, and the still more delicate kidney fern. The last mentioned have leaves the shape of violet leaves, but as thin as the youngest sprigs of maidenhair, semi-transparent, so large as the palm of the hand, and supported by black stems so slender as to be at a short distance invisible. so slender as to be at a short distance invisible. The only place I have seen which could at all compare with this spot is the Anna Thal at Eisenach, in Thuringia. But then, that is partly artificial, while this had never been touched by human hands. While we stood watching the stream an exquisite sound broke upon our ears. It was like the piping of those reeds which the dervishes in the East play upon while their brethren perform their strange devotions. This piping was constantly being varied, sometimes by even softer, but sometimes by more metallic sounds; at one moment the song grew so loud that it seemed to be quite close, the next it appeared to melt away close, the next it appeared to melt away into the distance. Suddenly it ceased. It was a tui-the most beautiful songster in the world. We saw one on a branch, a few minutes later. It was about the size of a blackbird, the plumage of a blue-black with metallic hues, and in places almost like velvet. The beak was yellow, as were also

A CALCUTTA SNAKERY.

the legs. At the throat it had two little tufts of white feathers, which gave the the bird

a rather quaint appearance. Fortunately, in New Zealand some of the birds are protected by the Government, but already many of them have died. We followed the

the stream 100 yards or so, every now and then putting up a pheasant.

One of the Peculiar Amusements of the King of Oude.

From an India Letter. The late King of Oude had built a snakery in the gardens of his palace at Garden Beach, near Calcutta. It was an oblong pit about 30 feet long by 20 feet broad, the walls being about 12 feet high and perfectly smooth, so that a snake could not crawl up. In the center of the pit there was a large block of rough masonary, perforated so that it was as full of holes as a sponge. In this honeycombed block the snakes dwelt, and when the sun shone brightly they came out to bask or to feed. His Majesty used to have live frogs put

in the pit and amuse himself by seeing the hungry snakes catch the frogs. When a large snake catches a small frog it is all over in an instant, but if a small snake catches a large frog, so that it cannot swallow it at once, the frog's cries are piteous to hear. Again and again I have heard them while out shooting, and have gone to the bush or tuft of grass from which the piteous cries. the piteous cries came—sometimes in time, sometimes too late to save the poor froggy, though the snake generally got shot. As a final story let me tell how a frog has been seen to turn the tables on the snake.

Two gentlemen in Cochar some years ago saw a snake seize a small frog and attempt to swallow it. But suddenly a large frog jumped forward, seized the snake's tail and began to swallow the snake. How the affair might have ended cannot be told, because my friends imprudently drew near to watch the combat, when the frogs and snake took alarm, and the big frog disgorged the snake's tail, and the snake released the little frog, and they all scuffled off. But the tale is perfectly true, and both the gentlemen who saw it are still alive; and I only regret that it was not my good luck to the affair with my own eyes.

A TERRAPIN FARM. The Novel Business Venture of Two Enterprising Marylanders.

Colonel Tilghman and Mr. M. T. Goldsporough are largely engaged in the propagation of terrapin, and have about 3,000 confined in a pond, where they are fed and prepared for market. The terrapin are caught by the fishermen and sold to Messrs. Tilghman and Goldsborough. In winter they lie dormant, and do not eat at all, but in summer time they seem to have ravenous appetites. The principal food given them is hard crabs, and it takes about 500 or 600 crabs a day to feed them. The crabs are put into a large hopper alive, and are hackled to pieces in passing through the machinery. They are then thrown into the pond for the terrapins, which are so eager to get at their food that they climb up over the backs of each other. They have learned to know what the noise of the hacking machine means, and as soon as it commences to run they begin to gather around and show signs of impatience until their food is given them.

The terrapin become very tame, and any one can walk down to the edge of the pond and pick them up at will. In winter they imbed themselves in the mud and sleep away their time until spring. During such mild weather as has prevailed in this lati mild weather as has prevailed in this lati-tude this winter they come up to the top of the mud, so that their backs may be seen, and appear to be in a half comatose state. Colonel Tilghman says you can put ter-rapin in a close box and shut the lid, and they will live there all winter without a drop of water, notwithstanding their lives are generally spent in the water. A terra-pin put in a barrel and nearly covered over with old bags or some like material will keep fat all winter. When small terrapin are put in the pond they sink to the no more is seen of them until they are fullfledged terrapins ready to get in a stew.

SHE PAINTED HER LIPS.

The Humiliating Position in Which a Soclety Belle Found Herself. "Bab" in Philadelphia Times.]

A very funny accident happened at a reception where a bright woman, who was out for the first time after a long illness, was the victim. Just before she left home someone said that she had better put some someone said that she had better put some color on her lips, as they looked periectly blue. A serpent in the sbape of a charm-ing girl volunteered her mixture, one of carmine and glycerine (which, if any is to be used, is most desirable), and she carefully painted the invalid's mouth, putting the most color in the center, to give it the desired rosebud effect.

The newly-painted was warned that she could eat or drink anything cold, but of anything hot she was to beware. Remembering this, she declined going into the supper room, and was the center of a group of men and having the largest kind of a time, when an imp of darkness, in the form of a footman, came along with a tray, on which were cups of coffee and glasses of punch. Without a thought the "ladye faire" took a cup of coffee; she sipped it slowly, and then, horror of horrors! made bad worse by wiping her mouth on a tiny napkin which had bee given her.

given her.

She soon saw surprise on the faces of some of the men. One glance at the damask in her hand told her what was the matter, and with providential presence of mind she put it to her lips again, leaned on the man nearest to her, whispered in muffled tones that she was ill and must go home. Out of the drawing room quickly she got on her the drawing room, quickly she got on her wraps, and when she was helped to her car-riage the man who had been her standby could not resist telling her that he was sure she must be ill because her lips had grown so pale.

However, the men were good fellows and

they never told on her, though she swore by every one of the Buddhist gods and all of the Chinese devils that she'd submit to green lips again before she would get in

SALVATION OIL, the great liniment, is made of the purest drugs in the laboratory.

SAMOAN MATTERS

Likely to Occupy the Attention of Both Branches of Congress this Week-Other Incidental Coming Events

in the Senate and House. Washington, January 27 .- This week omises to be one of debate in the Senate. Rapid progress was made last week with Rapid progress was made last week with the appropriation bills, leaving only the consular and diplomatic bill pending of the four that were reported. This will come up to-morrow, and the amendments proposed by the Foreign Relations Committee, providing means to defend and protect American interests in Samoa, will form the subject of a lively discussion. It may be, however, that these amendments will be considered in secret session. On Tuesday, under an order of the Senate made some days ago, the British extradition treaty is to be discussed in executive session. Some progress was made last week with Mr. Sher man's anti-trust bill, as amended by the Finance Committee, and the author will endeayor to press it to a vote this week. Then Mr. Frye is expected to call up the Then Mr. Frye is expected to call up the Pacific Railroad funding bill and make a speech on it. Messrs. Edmunds, Hoar, Sherman and Mitchell are also expected to address the Senate on this measure. Mr.
Chandler's resolution to investigate the
Louisiana election is also pending, and may
be called up at any time. This will probably
precipitate a political debate that will last

several days.

Armed with the sundry civil appropriation bill, which was not completed last week. Mr. Randall will probably deprive the District of Columbia Committee of Monday and the bills of the bills. day, to which it is entitled under the rules If he does not several other members in charge of important measures stand ready to do it. Prominent among these is Mr. Clardy, who has undertaken to conduct the conference report on the Nicaragua Canal bill through the House, and is waiting the first opportunity to present it without encountering the opposition of one of the committees in charge of appropriation bills. The Oklahoma ad-herents have signified their intention to call up their bill Tuesday, and as Mr. Payson and other members antagonistic to the and other members antagonistic to the measure are preparing themselves for a vigorous onslaught, a lively day may be expected if the bill comes up. Later in the week appropriation bills are likely to pay a prominent part, and when the naval bill is taken up, which Chairman Herbert says will be at the first opportunity, an entertaining discussion of Samoan matters will probably ensue.

Mr. Crisp is preparing to call up the pending contested election cases during the week, but while they constitute questions of the highest privilege, it is possible that Mr.

the highest privilege, it is possible that Mr. Blanchard may raise the question of consideration against them in favor of the river and harbor bill, which will probably meet with a stronger support than heretofore, as members begin to realize its precarious position.

THE BALLOON FISH.

A Strange Creature That Explodes When Exposed to the Air.

Chicago Mall. "You never saw a balloon fish?" queried the Virginia gentleman of a clerk. "No, I never did; never even heard of one

before."
"I never saw but one, and that one I caught while fishing off the dock at Newport News, within almost a stone's throw of where the hulk of the old war ship Cum. beriand is said to repose. When I landed the fish on the dock it was just an ordi-nary looking fish, but I found before I got the hook loose from its mouth that it was swelling. I became so excited that I forgot swelling. I became so excited that I forgot to throw my hook and line back into the water. The fish kept swelling, and finally became as round as a ball. I was more astonished when its hide began to crack and it became evident to me that it was on the point of bursting. It seemed to be suffering great pain. As I did not care to witness the suffering longer I pushed it off the dock with my foot. No sooner had it struck the water than it regained its normal condition and shot out of sight like normal condition and shot out of sight like a flash. I learned from a man who said that he knew that the balloon fish could not live inhale the air, but were unable to exhale it, and therefore, in its efforts to breathe it congested, until it was only a question of how great an air pressure its hide could with-stand. Sooner or later it was bound to burst, unless replaced in the water."

FORMING A BREWERS' TRUST. n Organization to Control Trade and Bat-

tle With Prohibition. ALBANY, N. Y., January 27 .- It stated that the reported effort of a foreign syndicate to control the brewing interests of this city conceals the real purpose of a brewing trust which is now being organized throughout this State, and that while organization is for the protection of the busi-ness interests of the brewers by consolidation and plan of co-operation, the same plan is also to be applied to defend brewers from prohibitory and high license legis-

It said that brewers fear their business may be ruined in this State as it has been ruined in prohibition States, and that na-tional and State organizations have been effected to prevent the passage of prohibition laws in any additional States. The agents of the syndicate decline to talk about the

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tion, Constipation, Dizziness Positively cured by LITTLE HOP PILLS,

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The HOP PILL CO., New London, Ct. Hop Ointment cures and makes chapperough, red skin soft and clear. 25 and 50c. nol-MWF

OUTSPOKEN SCIENCE

The following statement came voluntarily to the proprietors of the great preparation of which it speaks. They have never had the pleasure of meeting the eminent scientist who wrote it, but appreciate the honest candor

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

This may certify that as the result of extend-ed researches I am able to state that, in the Duffy Malt Whiskey alone, there is to be had such a pure article as I have described in my paper on "A Scientific Specific for Intemper 1888. It is, of course, a well-known fact that we may procure, as a laboratory product, a whiskey that shall be free of fusil oil: but it is with pride that I state that alone of commer-cial whiskies the Duffy Mait declines to injure cial whise sees the system.

the brain and the system.

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Westfield, N. J.

ARMOUR & CO.,

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